

Holmes County Republican.

Lambach, White & Cunningham,
Editors and Proprietors.

MILLERSBURG, O., Sept. 1, 1870.

Republican State Ticket.

Secretary of State,
GEN. I. R. SHERWOOD.
Supreme Judge,
GEO. W. McILVAINE.
Controller of the Treasury,
GEN. W. T. WILSON.
Member Board of Public Works,
P. V. HERZING.
Congress, 41st District,
JAMES MONROE.

THE COMING CAMPAIGN.

While the Democracy of the country are making up the next Congress to suit their purposes, calculating in all cases upon having a majority therein, the Republicans are quietly at work preparing for the coming campaign. In the East the Representatives who by their course in Congress have merited a re-nomination have in most instances received that honor, and their return is thereby insured. The Chicago *Republican* says that the Republican Congressional conventions held in the Western States this season have thus far with an exception of two, been entirely harmonious. There is a general feeling in favor of union in the interests of peace, honesty, retrenchment and reform, and the cordial support of the Administration. Every convention has heartily endorsed the President, his Cabinet, and all the leading measures of the Government. Those who represent the Republican party as divided upon any question of principle are mistaken. Upon measures of public policy no party was ever entirely united, nor is this to be expected, because of the different mental organizations of individuals. It suffices that they are in general accord upon vital issues, such as are embodied in the national platform.

GRAND AND PETIT JURORS

The First Commissioner of the Currency has issued a circular calling the attention of all Marshals of the United States to the act of Congress of July 15, 1870, to provide for the compensation of grand and petit jurors, the first section of which enacts "that hereafter the grand and petit jurors in the several circuit and district courts of the United States shall receive for his services the sum of three dollars per day for each day's actual attendance at the court and for the time necessarily occupied in going and returning from said court by the shortest practicable route." He therefore directs that separate receipts for payments shall be taken to July 14th under the old law, from the 15th under the new, in all districts wherein jurors were in actual attendance at court at the time the act was approved.

PENSIONS AND BOUNTY.

The Pension Office is receiving many inquiries from soldiers desiring to know if the time for making applications for pensions was extended by Congress. A bill for such extension failed, but one was passed extending the time for filing applications for additional bounty until next December. Under the law in this case all who served one year are entitled to fifty dollars, and those who served two years or longer to one hundred dollars.

DISSATISFIED.

The English people seem dissatisfied with the way that things are going with them. Just when she is most needed, the Queen leaves the seat of government, and retires to Balmoral, and a regency is talked of with the Prince of Wales as Regent. The Prince and his wife seem to be in sympathy with France; the Princess on account of the Danish blood and the Prince, because he dislikes his brother-in-law, the Crown Prince of Prussia.

ON WHICH SIDE?

Let it be remembered that the administration of President has paid off \$17,034,123.74 of the public debt in the month of July; and \$69,004,092.17 since the first of March; and \$156,138,784.01 since he became President. These statements are beyond civil or dispute, for they are taken from the official records, and they constitute the most potent argument in favor of the Democracy. Republican party to rule this country. The simple facts here adduced tend to shreds all the flimsy newspaper assaults of the Democracy upon the policy of the Republican party. Let the people reflect upon this subject, and in the light of truth, unvarnished by any display, determine on what side they will cast their suffrages. Here is a country, plunged into a deep chasm of debt by a Democratic administration; followed immediately after by a Democratic war of four years' duration, the most exhausting ever known to history; and yet in the face of all this the Republican party has carried the country safely through with unpaired credit, unabated prosperity, enhanced interests and industries, and is steadily discharging all the tremendous obligations incurred by the Democracy at a rate which awakens the admiration of the whole world. In a few years, if the whole nation will be entirely out of debt, with a firmer government, more enlarged freedom, greater resources and infinitely more magnified general happiness and prosperity than ever it possessed before. Let the people ponder upon these things and determine their course with reference thereto.—*Week Reporter.*

—A copy of the largest Bible in the world was sold the other day in London for £165.

—A farmer in Dubuque, Iowa harvested in his crop of barley ninety days after date of sowing.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

Under the above head the Cleveland *Herald* makes some good and truthful hits, and particularly in respect to the candidates of this Congressional District:

If the Democrats break in upon the Republican Congressional platform of Ohio this fall, they will have to work for it. The Republicans evidently feel the responsibility of their position, and are determined to destroy the prestige of the "off year." In the close districts the Republican nominations are from the ranks of the strong men. Take the Franklin District, in which Mr. Schenck has been re-nominated; the Montgomery District, in which Gen. Schenck has been re-nominated; the Lorain District, which has put up Mr. Monroe. These men are specimen bricks for the Congressional building.

In the first mentioned district the Democrats have been nominated a political weathercock who, like a hantam rooster crows continually, and in the last ten years has run the rounds of the Whig, the Know Nothing, and the Union party, landing finally on the Democratic flag—his name is Lew Campbell.

In the Franklin district the Democrats have shown more self-respect and put in nomination Mr. Jewett, an estimable and consistent man, but one who has little political strength for the reason he has no heart in the Democratic cause and only adheres to that organization through force of habit and early association. When in the Legislature Mr. Jewett could not stand two consecutive days' service, and was running a railroad instead of responding to the roll call.

In the Lorain district Mr. Critchfield of Wayne has been nominated by the Democrats, a man who cannot win a vote from any one who believed the Union army were doing God's service in putting down the rebellion.

Mr. Schenck has been so prominent on the floor of the House of Representatives as to be familiarly known to the Republicans of Ohio. Mr. Monroe of Lorain is not so generally known throughout the State, and some in Ottawa and other places. After the victory and rather more than 5,000,000 feet of lumber had been consumed, the fire turned southward into the woods, sweeping everything before it, and changing in a few minutes, what had been a fruitful land into a barren wilderness.

In the city of Ottawa many persons fled by rail from the threatened city, merchants had their goods packed for removal, while some actually removed their goods to a safe locality. The market supplies were not forthcoming, and the city people were put on short allowance for vegetables, butter, etc., while in the country, hay, grass and some in Ottawa and other places. After the victory and rather more than 5,000,000 feet of lumber had been consumed, the fire turned southward into the woods, sweeping everything before it, and changing in a few minutes, what had been a fruitful land into a barren wilderness.

FOOD FOR HONEST DEMOCRATS.

Below we append an article taken from the *New York Tribune* of the 9th inst., showing the immense fraud practiced by the Democracy in New York, as well as in all their strongholds, to which we invite every reader's attention. This is but a mere pebble in the sea of Democratic corruption, and in a week or two we will be able to give many more such instances:

At last we have the census return for the Fifteenth Election District of the VIIIth Ward. We called attention, soon after the May election to the enormous vote given in this district, under the management of the Tammany Ring. The vote was Republican 19; Democratic, 1,003; total, 1,022. Now comes the census, and the entire district shows 1,710 people; one-half are women and girls, half the masculine portion are under age, and a quarter of those old enough to vote are aliens. There may possibly be 175 real voters in the district, certainly not 200 by any canonical theory; yet it gave (under the liberal management of Senator Norton) 200 more votes than the district had of real voters.

Quite enough to carry the state and secure the Court of Appeals, we have no shadow doubt. Nor do we doubt that they would have counted up 20,000 more in this city, if it had been necessary to accomplish their purpose. What do honest voters think of over a thousand votes in a population of only seventeen hundred?

ANOTHER DROP.

The census returns are playing the mischief with Democratic majorities in New York. In the tenth district, which lies east of Broadway, between Canal and Walker streets, the last election showed fifty Republican votes and eight hundred and eighty-four Democratic votes. The entire population as shown by the census is eight hundred and seventy. A fair vote would have shown a poll list of about one hundred and twenty-four, and yet the Democratic majority was eight hundred and thirty-four. The *Post* says: "When this is done in one out of more than four hundred elector districts equally in the power of the same men, it is easy to understand the overpowering majorities figured up for Democrats in every recent election in this city."

—The average number of persons living in a single house in London is, in Berlin 32, in Paris 35, in St. Petersburg 52, and Vienna 55. For every 1,000 inhabitants the average annual mortality in London is 24, in Berlin 25, in Paris 28, in St. Petersburg 41, and in Vienna 47.

—Nearly fifteen hundred volumes of one thousand pages each will be required to enter the names returned by the Census Marshals throughout the country.

THE FIRES IN CANADA.

From the Ottawa *Times* we get the following account of the terrible fires that have been raging around that city:

The progress of the flames in the distant woods had been watched with some degree of anxiety during the afternoon and evening, though few people thought that the rafting ground was in any immediate danger. Suddenly, however, a furious hurricane rose, and as it tore madly through the forest, bending the stoutest trees before it, the cloud of smoke which had been visible before began to vomit forth flame like "flashes of lightning."

—A lady living in Winnebago county, Iowa, is said to be 115 years old.

—The corn crop in Kansas promises to be larger this year than ever before.

—There never were so many prairie chickens in Northern Iowa as this year.

—It is proposed to hold a "peace jubilee" at St. Paul about the 1st of September.

—A grizzly bear, killed by Seth Kinnman, in Humboldt county, California, weighed 1,400 pounds.

—Oregon wool sells in San Francisco for twenty-five cents per pound, for shipment East.

—The expense of running an ocean steamer a round trip to Europe averages \$12,000 in greenbacks.

—The drought in New England during July and the first part of August is estimated to have cost the people over four millions of dollars.

—It is estimated that the hay crop of the Middle, Eastern and Western States this season is worth three hundred and fifty millions of dollars.

—The Governor of Vermont says that the French population of that State is 15,491 persons. They all sympathize with France in her war with Prussia.

—In the year 1828 there were only three miles of railway in the United States, and now there are 48,960 miles, and it is estimated that the continual increase is now about thirty miles a day.

—A highway robber, who had committed outrageous crimes in Arkansas, was captured, a short time since, and put to death by drowning, being thrust bound into a sack in which twenty-four pound shot had been put, and then dropped in the middle of the Arkansas river.

—An anti-Mormon ticket was nominated in Utah, at the recent election for Territorial Delegate to Congress, on a platform of "unabated opposition to polygamy," and speeches were made in favor of the platform, even in Salt Lake City, where hitherto no one was deemed safe in uttering anti-Mormon sentiments.

A Georgia paper says that General Toombs recently attempted to fog a Methodist clergyman, who was a witness against him in a lawsuit; but that the clergyman proving to be the more muscular Christian of the two, the bystanders thought it expedient to interfere in behalf of the general, but not until he had felt the grip of the clerical fingers upon his throat.

—Virginia boasts a colored couple of ninety-seven and ninety-six years respectively. The man is a graver-digger.

—There is an umbrella in Bangor which has been in the possession of one family for fifty years. It was a bridal gift.

—It is said that there are now four times as many cattle in Texas as there were before the war.

—The bones of 1,200 Chinamen have just been sent home from San Francisco.

—New Bedford whaling merchants are again fitting out their ships to search for oil.

—It costs a Texan \$15 a year to keep out of the militia, or State police.

—The original Declaration of Independence, now in the Patent Office at Washington, is nearly illegible from the fading of the ink.

—It is said that it costs in the South three cents less to raise a pound of cotton now than it did before emancipation was proclaimed.

—A gentleman at Chattanooga, Tenn., during the "heated time," took his afternoon nap in a wash tub suspended about midway down his well, in place of the regular bucket.

—The cause of the great mortality among the fish in Lake Ontario has been discovered to be a worm, which fastens itself near the gills, and draws the blood from the heart of the victim.

—A Philadelphia dog recently proved a very efficient detective by scratching up a silver mug, and so bringing to light the hiding-place of \$1,000 worth of silver ware stolen about a year ago.

—A Milwaukee German, in moving an old table, which he bought at auction, knocked off a leg, which proved to be hollow, and to contain \$350 in gold. This led to the destruction of all the old furniture in Milwaukee auction stores.

—At Erie, eleven hundred cars passed over the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad during the day Thursday and night following, a period of twenty-four hours.

—Two French spies were caught recently in the Prussian camps, who had assumed the garb of Catholic priests. They were caught when they were giving absolution to Catholic soldiers.

—The Southern papers promise a cotton crop of not less than 4,000,000 bales. The *Macon Messenger* remarks: "This comes of cottonizing everything to death, and neglecting corn, chickens, hogs, cows, but, sheep, goats, wheat, potatoes, peas, oats, rye, clover, butter, turkeys, wool, and everything else a man wants to help him on comfortably in his journey through life."

NEWS ITEMS.

—Schools for colored children are to be established at Des Moines, Iowa.

—Winona, Minn., has a gaslight company with a capital stock of \$60,000.

—A lady living in Winnebago county, Iowa, is said to be 115 years old.

—The corn crop in Kansas promises to be larger this year than ever before.

—There never were so many prairie chickens in Northern Iowa as this year.

—It is proposed to hold a "peace jubilee" at St. Paul about the 1st of September.

—A grizzly bear, killed by Seth Kinnman, in Humboldt county, California, weighed 1,400 pounds.

—Oregon wool sells in San Francisco for twenty-five cents per pound, for shipment East.

—The expense of running an ocean steamer a round trip to Europe averages \$12,000 in greenbacks.

—The drought in New England during July and the first part of August is estimated to have cost the people over four millions of dollars.

—It is estimated that the hay crop of the Middle, Eastern and Western States this season is worth three hundred and fifty millions of dollars.

—The Governor of Vermont says that the French population of that State is 15,491 persons. They all sympathize with France in her war with Prussia.

—In the year 1828 there were only three miles of railway in the United States, and now there are 48,960 miles, and it is estimated that the continual increase is now about thirty miles a day.

—A highway robber, who had committed outrageous crimes in Arkansas, was captured, a short time since, and put to death by drowning, being thrust bound into a sack in which twenty-four pound shot had been put, and then dropped in the middle of the Arkansas river.

—An anti-Mormon ticket was nominated in Utah, at the recent election for Territorial Delegate to Congress, on a platform of "unabated opposition to polygamy," and speeches were made in favor of the platform, even in Salt Lake City, where hitherto no one was deemed safe in uttering anti-Mormon sentiments.

—A Georgia paper says that General Toombs recently attempted to fog a Methodist clergyman, who was a witness against him in a lawsuit; but that the clergyman proving to be the more muscular Christian of the two, the bystanders thought it expedient to interfere in behalf of the general, but not until he had felt the grip of the clerical fingers upon his throat.

—Virginia boasts a colored couple of ninety-seven and ninety-six years respectively. The man is a graver-digger.

—There is an umbrella in Bangor which has been in the possession of one family for fifty years. It was a bridal gift.

—It is said that there are now four times as many cattle in Texas as there were before the war.

—The bones of 1,200 Chinamen have just been sent home from San Francisco.

—New Bedford whaling merchants are again fitting out their ships to search for oil.

—It costs a Texan \$15 a year to keep out of the militia, or State police.

—The original Declaration of Independence, now in the Patent Office at Washington, is nearly illegible from the fading of the ink.

—It is said that it costs in the South three cents less to raise a pound of cotton now than it did before emancipation was proclaimed.

—A gentleman at Chattanooga, Tenn., during the "heated time," took his afternoon nap in a wash tub suspended about midway down his well, in place of the regular bucket.

—The cause of the great mortality among the fish in Lake Ontario has been discovered to be a worm, which fastens itself near the gills, and draws the blood from the heart of the victim.

—A Philadelphia dog recently proved a very efficient detective by scratching up a silver mug, and so bringing to light the hiding-place of \$1,000 worth of silver ware stolen about a year ago.

—A Milwaukee German, in moving an old table, which he bought at auction, knocked off a leg, which proved to be hollow, and to contain \$350 in gold. This led to the destruction of all the old furniture in Milwaukee auction stores.

—At Erie, eleven hundred cars passed over the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad during the day Thursday and night following, a period of twenty-four hours.

—Two French spies were caught recently in the Prussian camps, who had assumed the garb of Catholic priests. They were caught when they were giving absolution to Catholic soldiers.

—The Southern papers promise a cotton crop of not less than 4,000,000 bales. The *Macon Messenger* remarks: "This comes of cottonizing everything to death, and neglecting corn, chickens, hogs, cows, but, sheep, goats, wheat, potatoes, peas, oats, rye, clover, butter, turkeys, wool, and everything else a man wants to help him on comfortably in his journey through life."

14th Congressional District.

Republican Convention.

HON. JAMES MONROE,

NOMINATED.

A Large and Harmonious Gathering.

A GOOD TIME IN GENERAL.

Everybody Satisfied.

The Republican Congressional Convention of the 14th District of Ohio, composed of Wayne, Holmes, Medina, Lorain and Ashland counties, met in convention at West Salem, Wayne County, on Wednesday, the 24th ult., in Shank's new and roomy hall, which had been tastefully decorated for the occasion by the patriotic ladies of the village.

Delegates commenced arriving at an early hour, while the citizens came pouring in from every direction for miles around, until the village was filled with people.

As the delegates arrived they were presented with hand bills directing them to their respective committee rooms, and at 11:20 A. M. J. H. Boynton, of Lorain, called to the convention to order, and on his motion Myron C. Hills, of Medina, was called to the chair. J. N. Faxon, of Lorain, moved that a Secretary be elected from each county of the District, when the following persons were selected:

H. B. Case, of Ashland; J. H. Green, of Medina; C. O. Ingelsoll, of Lorain; J. H. Carr, of Wayne, and A. B. Rudy, of Holmes.

On motion of J. H. Boynton, of Lorain, the counties were called and found represented by full delegations.

On motion of Lucas Flattery, of Wayne, a committee of one from each county was appointed on resolutions, as follows: Ashland, Alexander Nelson; Holmes, N. W. Laubach; Wayne, Capt. A. S. McClure; Medina, Judge G. H. Lewis; Lorain, George G. Washburn.

J. H. Faxon, of Lorain, moved a committee of two from each county as a Congressional Committee. It was appointed as follows: Ashland, Captain E. Frownfelter and Wm. Ralston; Medina, J. H. Green and T. S. Shaw; Lorain, J. H. Faxon and J. C. Hale; Holmes, George Adams and Thos. B. Cunningham; Wayne, A. S. McClure and Lucas Flattery.

The Convention then took a recess till 1 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled according to adjournment, and immediately proceeded to business. The first thing in order being the nomination of a candidate to represent this District in the next Congress. Judge G. W. Lewis, of Medina, moved that the Convention proceed to name candidates to be voted for by this Convention and from which to select a candidate for this District.

The motion being carried, Mr. Herman Ely named Hon. James Monroe, of Lorain.

T. M. Beer, of Ashland, named Hon. John Daugherty, of Ashland County.

W. W. Johnson, of Wayne, presented the name of Capt. A. S. McClure, of Wayne. The Captain declined.

It was moved that the counties be called in alphabetical order. Ashland not being ready when called, the voting proceeded as follows:

Holmes, Monroe 9. [Applause.] Lorain, Monroe 38. Ashland, Monroe 123. Daugherty 73. [Applause.] Medina, Monroe 24, and 1 for Mr. Hills of Medina. [Applause.]

Wayne being called, and Monroe having already been nominated, Captain McClure, on behalf of the Wayne County delegation moved that the nomination be made unanimous, which was carried amidst shouting and clapping of hands.

This was not at all unlooked for as the nomination of Mr. Monroe was a certainty in the minds of every one long before balloting commenced, and it took but about ten or fifteen minutes to make the nomination and to pass the resolutions which had been prepared by the Committee on Resolutions.

Mr. Horr, of Lorain, moved Captain McClure and General Daugherty be appointed a committee to wait on Professor Monroe, inform him of his nomination and invite his presence in the Convention. Carried.

In the absence of the Committee, Geo. G. Washburn, of Lorain, from the Committee on Resolutions, presented the following, which were enthusiastically adopted:

Resolved, That we, the Republicans of the Fourteenth District, Ohio, in Convention assembled, emphatically endorse the platform of the Republican State Convention, held in Columbus, August 10, 1870.

Resolved, That we commend the wisdom, patriotism and integrity that has characterized the Republican Administration of Ulysses S. Grant, and having fully considered the manner in which he has discharged the important trust in times of great national peril, we most heartily endorse him as an honest, faithful public servant.

The delegates from Lorain and Medina, nominated A. D. Lacey, of Medina, for Member of the State

Board of Equalization, from their Senatorial District.

Mr. Monroe making his appearance on the stand, was greeted with immense applause. Hon. J. Daugherty then introduced Mr. Monroe, who spoke ten or fifteen minutes, thanking the Convention for the kindness manifested toward him in making him the standard bearer, and promised to exert, during the canvass, all the ability he possessed to secure victory. If elected, which he never doubted a moment after the unanimous selection by such a Convention as this, it would be his utmost endeavor to make a faithful, earnest and just member of Congress. No party could gain success now unless fully in sympathy with the great heart of the country. The Republican party was the party of the country, and accomplished a great mission. It had a glorious record, but there were duties yet to consider, important questions with which to grapple, and other missions to perform. Wise men would join the great movements for the national welfare and integrity, and no political party could have power that does not sympathize with these movements.

No party can stand against the current of popular sympathy. There was a party which once had the sympathy of progress; but it has since endeavored vainly to stem the current of truth, liberty and justice, and has sunk into a deserved minority. The speaker then adverted to the inconsistencies of the Democratic party, claiming it had long since lost the capacity of knowing what the people want, and continues adopting and abandoning measures. It adopts a position to-day to abandon it to-morrow. He proceeded some time in a humorous manner, keeping the audience convulsed with anecdotes and sharp hits. He asked the Democrats to look at the history of parties for the last ten years and see if any important position had been advanced by the Republican party that had not been sustained by the people. The Republican party had known the popular will and the Democratic party had not. It remained for us still to perform our part. Right was on our side. The broad shield of justice covers us. We must be faithful, vigilant, and success will be ours as heretofore. This was no time to discuss great issues.

He only came on the platform to accept the position so graciously tendered him, and thank his friends for their partiality. He would meet them hereafter in the canvass.

The speaker was loudly applauded throughout the address. General Daugherty followed in an enthusiastic speech, promising every Republican vote in Ashland County for the nominee, and his own hearty acquiescence in the result of the convention.

Hon. M. Welker was called out, and said he had not been a candidate. He would use his utmost exertions in support of Mr. Monroe. He spoke at considerable length in defense of the Republican party. President Grant and Congress, claiming that the future well being of the nation depended on continued supremacy of the Republican party. He thanked the people of the district for favors shown him in repeated elections to Congress, and for the flattering endorsement of the resolutions.

Capt. A. S. McClure was called upon to speak, but owing to the lateness of the hour, he declined to respond. The Convention, after voting thanks to the citizens, and particularly the ladies who so beautifully decorated the Hall, adjourned by giving three cheers for Prof. Monroe, three cheers for Hon. J. Daugherty, and three cheers for Hon. M. Welker. The occasion was a pleasant one, as there was harmony throughout, and every one feeling confident that Mr. Monroe would be elected by an increased majority over two years ago.

Railroad Meeting at Huntingdon.

The Indiana *Herald* speaks thus of the railroad meeting held at Huntingdon recently, in the interest of the Chicago connection of the B. & C. R. R.

The railroad meeting last week was well attended, and much interest manifested by our citizens. General Hunt, President of the Ohio branch, was present and delivered an interesting address on the plans and prospects of the new company. Arrangements were made to secure a permanent organization of the company through this State. The amount of stock appointed to this county was \$20,000. A committee is actively engaged in soliciting subscriptions, and there is every reason to believe the stipulated amount will be raised.

—A Toledo woman has made \$200,000 in the lumber business. And she don't pine for any young man to help her keep it.

—Reductions.—An abstract of the next monthly report of the Bureau of Statistics will contain an interesting table, showing the reductions of internal revenue on different classes of articles, the aggregate being \$55,000,000, which, with the tariff reduction, makes a total reduction of nearly \$80,000,000 per annum.

A SINGULAR FREAK OF LIGHTNING. Eight men were at work in a field near Independence, Ky., threshing wheat, when lightning struck the machine they were handling, stunning them all quite severely, and prostrating four horses. When the men recovered their consciousness, three of them found their tongues had been blistered as if they had been touched with red-hot iron. The spots on each man's tongue were exactly alike, and all near the front.

—Northwood, N. H., has but one street, but that is eight miles long.

—Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan, has three hundred acres of salt.

Just the Place.



—AT—

YERGIN'S

DRUG STORE.

TO BUY

Wall Paper!

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

A LARGE variety of GILT PAPER, at from 3 cents to 25 per roll. A full assortment of WINDOW SHADINGS, which we are selling at low as the lowest. Give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have also a large and complete stock of

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint and Varnish Brushes, warranted pure Bussin's, and White Wash Brushes, of superior quality, which we are selling VERY cheap. We would also invite the attention of Physicians, and the public generally, to our large stock of

DRUGS & CHEMICALS! Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, &c.

Thanking our friends for their liberal patronage in the past, we hope to merit a continuance of the same.

W. R. YERGIN, Jr.
Millersburg, Sept. 1, 1870.

LADIES' CORSETS, LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' PANNIERS, Latest styles, and prices to suit. At the BOOK STORE.

NEW ARRANGEMENT! THE ONLY TO BE HAD

Elgin Watches.

These cuts represent the two first-class Watches made by the National Watch Company, Elgin, Illinois—Full Plate Movement—Expansion Balance, adjusted to heat and cold—Full Jeweled, Patent Crown, and Patent Band. We will keep all other grades of the same Watches LOWER THAN CAN BE BOUGHT IN HOLMES COUNTY.

PRICE LIST:

B. W. Raymond, \$7 00
H. Z. Culver, 27 00
H. H. Taylor, 35 00
G. M. Wheeler, 38 00
Ledy Elgin, 25 00

Weirich, Casche & Co.

Hardware, Cutlery, FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

At Exceedingly Low Rates!

WEIRICH, CASCHÉ & CO.
Millersburg, O., Sept. 1, 1870.

Julian's Interest Tables! THE BEST IN USE. For sale at the BOOK STORE. Aug. 30, 1870—1m2

J. A. LEOPOLD, DEALER IN

GROCERIES and Provisions!

QUEENSWARE, Canned Fruits & Vegetables

THE BEST FLOUR! TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, SPECTACLES!

Lamps, Carbon Oil, Cigars, Tobaccos.

Pays the highest cash price for Butter, Eggs, and All Kinds of Country Produce.

A full assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES constantly kept on hand and sold at very low prices.

J. A. LEOPOLD.
Millersburg, O., Sept. 1, 1870.

Fehrenbach & Larimer, Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS, PURCHASERS OF

Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Seeds, Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Dried Fruits, &c., &c.

DEALERS IN Salt, Fish, Plaster, White & Water Lard.

WHITE WAREHOUSE, West End Main Street, MILLERSBURG, O.

GEORGE SCHNORR, DEALER IN

Family Groceries, PROVISIONS, &c. MILLERSBURG, O.

G. W. EVERETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MILLERSBURG, OHIO.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, &c. Required and Warranted on Short Notice.

N. P. McCormick's Store. Main Street, Millersburg, O.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

THE BEST. FIRST-RATE CIGARS! FIVE AND TEN CENTS. Wholesale & Retail. Aug. 30, 1870—1m2 At the BOOK STORE.

THE BEST. FIRST-RATE CIGARS! FIVE AND TEN CENTS. Wholesale & Retail. Aug. 30, 1870—1m2 At the BOOK STORE.

THE BEST. FIRST-RATE CIGARS! FIVE AND TEN CENTS. Wholesale & Retail. Aug. 30, 1870—